



### **Employee Disability and Neurodivergent Advice**

#### **Hidden Disabilities**

Presented by: Lisa Richardson and Alice Morris, EDNA Senior Disability and Accessibility Advisors

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### Aims of the session

- >>> Provide an understanding of the meaning of 'Hidden Disability' to include a video on casting light on invisible disabilities
- Explore some types of 'Hidden Disabilities' (non-visible)
- To understand what we should do to support our colleagues, and how we must act positively as a workforce, and within society as a whole
- >>> To explore what reasonable adjustments can be made
- Quiz

## What is the meaning of a Hidden disability?

A non-visible disability, also referred to as a 'hidden' disability or an 'invisible' disability, is a term used to describe any disability which has no, or little visible signs to others.

(Homecare, 2024)





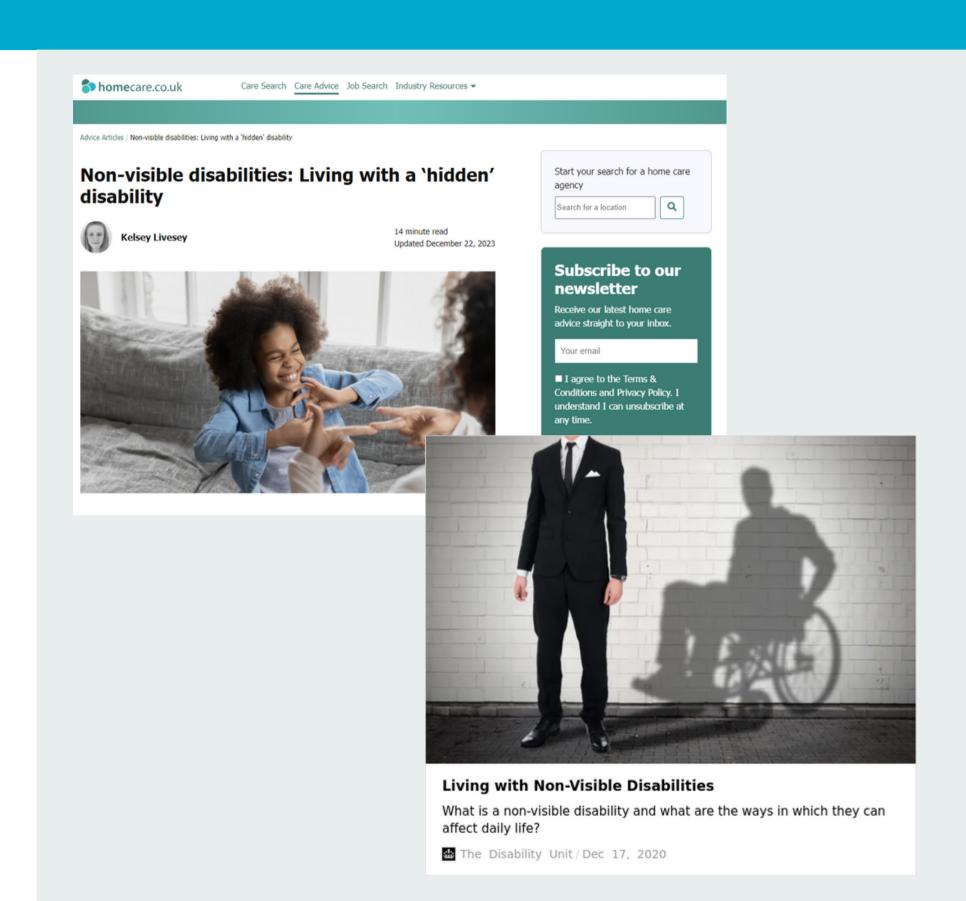
### Hidden disabilities

There are several terms used to describe disabilities that are not visually obvious, these include:

- Non-visible disabilities
- >> Invisible disabilities
- >> Less-visible disabilities
- >> Hidden disabilities

The Disabled Persons Transport Advisory Committee (DPTAC, GOV.UK,2023) has decided to standardise on the term 'non-visible disabilities' after the following concerns were expressed:

- >>> Hidden disability implies that people are purposefully hiding their disability
- Invisible disability implies that the disability is in that person's head, and doesn't really exist
- Less visible disability implies that the disability is partially visible, whereas in most cases it's not visible at all



## Casting light on invisible disabilities



# Colleagues experiences on hidden disabilities



## Let's emphasise

### Lets pause for a moment and have a think about the following:

In our everyday lives you may instantly recognise that a person is disabled, for example, they may:

- >> Use a wheelchair
- Have difficulty walking
- Be using a cane

You might notice that a person has a visible disability however, as you look around there might be equally as many, if not more disabled people that you cannot see or recognise.

To put this into context a person might have autism or be living with significant chronic pain.

It is important to remember that having a hidden disability can be just as life-affecting for a person who has a visible disability.



#### DPTAC position statement on non-visible disabilities

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### Embrace different abilities

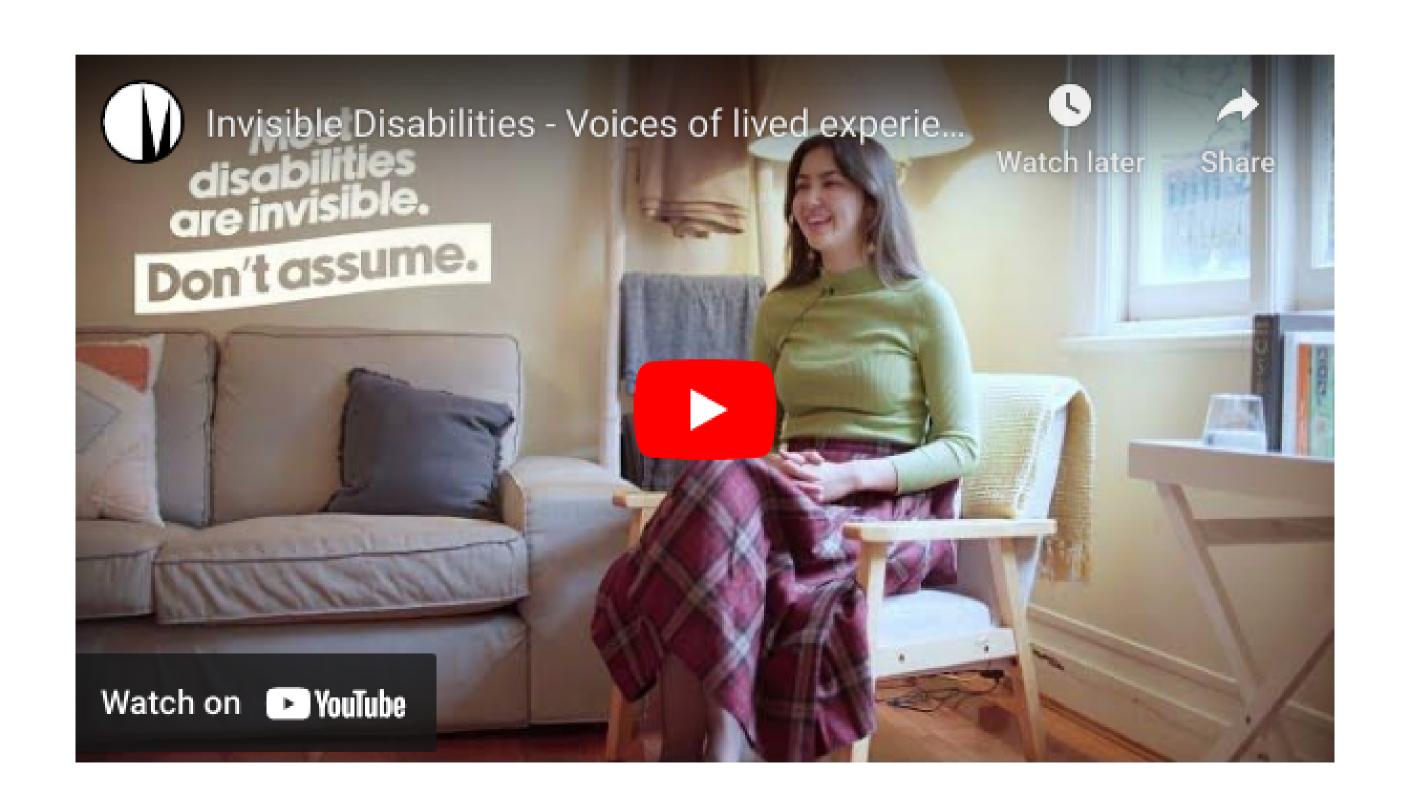




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# How do I know if a person has a non-visible disability?



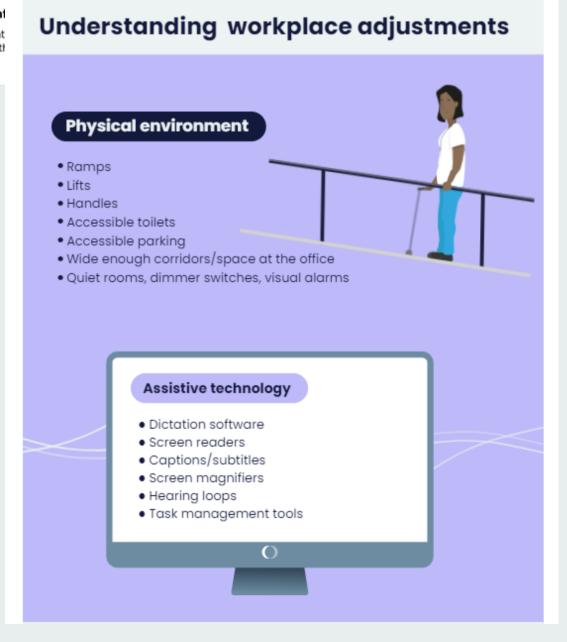
### Reasonable Adjustments



#### Understanding workplace adjustments in

Access our infographic to find out about the different adjustments that can help support disabled staff in the

NHS Employers



#### **Accommodations & recommendations**

- Physical environment
  Ramps, Handles, Quiet rooms, Visual alarms
- Assistive technology
  Hearing loops, Task management tools, Screen magnifiers,
  Readers, Dictation software and use of Captions/Subtitles
- Human support
  Personal assistants, Job coaches, British Sign Language interpreters
- Animal support
  Hearing dogs, Guide dogs
- Working from home, Flexible start and Finish times, Frequent breaks, Allowing time off for medical appointments
- Desks, Chairs, Mouse/Keyboards, Monitors

# Impact/negative result of not implementing reasonable adjustments

An employer's failure to make reasonable adjustments for a worker or applicant suffering with a disability will constitute discrimination under the 2010 Act. In most cases, the individual is likely to make an informal complaint or raise a formal grievance about the employer.

It affects retention of staff, reduces positive turnover, affects trust reputation, staff are subject to bullying, low morale, de-valued and most importantly affects their overall health and wellbeing.



# How can I support my colleague at work?

- Listen
- Signpost
- Reach out
- >>> Implement
- Review

Lets work together to breakdown any barriers!



## Raising awareness



### We can provide better support the more we understand about non-visible disabilities

- Everyday things can be difficult for people with non-visible disabilities these include: travel, work, shopping and socialising.
- Making sure not to judge someone based on whether their disability is visible or not.
- It is important to listen to disabled people and make sure that accessibility remains inclusive, this will help improve the lives of people with non-visible disabilities.



## 



What is the most common hidden disability?



How many people have a hidden disability, percentage wise?



Do you have to disclose a disability to your employer?



What is the goal of the sunflower?



People with disabilities always need help true or false?



You guys are amazing! You really helped ease my anxiety and really help support to my learning needs. More NHS Trusts should have this service, as it's so valuable!

### Thank you

Please email us at <a href="mailto:EDNA@solent.nhs.uk">EDNA@solent.nhs.uk</a>